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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'Role::Tiny.3pm'

\$ man Role::Tiny.3pm

Role::Tiny(3pm) User Contributed Perl Documentation Role::Tiny(3pm)

NAME

Role::Tiny - Roles: a nouvelle cuisine portion size slice of Moose

SYNOPSIS

```
package Some::Role;
```

```
use Role::Tiny;
```

```
sub foo { ... }
```

```
sub bar { ... }
```

```
around baz => sub { ... };
```

```
1;
```

```
elsewhere
```

```
package Some::Class;
```

```
use Role::Tiny::With;
```

```
# bar gets imported, but not foo
with 'Some::Role';

sub foo { ... }

# baz is wrapped in the around modifier by Class::Method::Modifiers
sub baz { ... }

1;
```

If you wanted attributes as well, look at `Moo::Role`.

DESCRIPTION

"Role::Tiny" is a minimalist role composition tool.

ROLE COMPOSITION

Role composition can be thought of as much more clever and meaningful multiple inheritance. The basics of this implementation of roles is:

? If a method is already defined on a class, that method will not be composed in from the role. A method inherited by a class gets overridden by the role's method of the same name, though.

? If a method that the role "requires" to be implemented is not implemented, role application will fail loudly.

Unlike `Class::C3`, where the last class inherited from "wins," role composition is the other way around, where the class wins. If multiple roles are applied in a single call (single with statement), then if any of their provided methods clash, an exception is raised unless the class provides a method since this conflict indicates a potential problem.

ROLE METHODS

All subs created after importing Role::Tiny will be considered methods to be composed. For example:

```
package MyRole;
use List::Util qw(min);
sub mysub { }
use Role::Tiny;
use List::Util qw(max);
sub mymethod { }
```

In this role, "max" and "mymethod" will be included when composing MyRole, and "min" and "mysub" will not. For additional control, namespace::clean can be used to exclude undesired subs from roles.

IMPORTED SUBROUTINES

requires

```
requires qw(foo bar);
```

Declares a list of methods that must be defined to compose role.

with

```
with 'Some::Role1';
```

```
with 'Some::Role1', 'Some::Role2';
```

Composes another role into the current role (or class via Role::Tiny::With).

If you have conflicts and want to resolve them in favour of Some::Role1 you can instead write:

```
with 'Some::Role1';
```

```
with 'Some::Role2';
```

If you have conflicts and want to resolve different conflicts in favour of different roles, please refactor your codebase.

before

```
before foo => sub { ... };
```

See "before method(s) => sub { ... };" in `Class::Method::Modifiers` for full documentation.

Note that since you are not required to use method modifiers, `Class::Method::Modifiers` is lazily loaded and we do not declare it as a dependency. If your `Role::Tiny` role uses modifiers you must depend on both `Class::Method::Modifiers` and `Role::Tiny`.

around

```
around foo => sub { ... };
```

See "around method(s) => sub { ... };" in `Class::Method::Modifiers` for full documentation.

Note that since you are not required to use method modifiers, `Class::Method::Modifiers` is lazily loaded and we do not declare it as a dependency. If your `Role::Tiny` role uses modifiers you must depend on both `Class::Method::Modifiers` and `Role::Tiny`.

after

```
after foo => sub { ... };
```

See "after method(s) => sub { ... };" in `Class::Method::Modifiers` for full documentation.

Note that since you are not required to use method modifiers, `Class::Method::Modifiers` is lazily loaded and we do not declare it as a dependency. If your `Role::Tiny` role uses modifiers you must depend on both `Class::Method::Modifiers` and `Role::Tiny`.

Strict and Warnings

In addition to importing subroutines, using "Role::Tiny" applies strict and warnings to

the caller.

SUBROUTINES

does_role

```
if (Role::Tiny::does_role($foo, 'Some::Role')) {  
    ...  
}
```

Returns true if class has been composed with role.

This subroutine is also installed as `->does` on any class a `Role::Tiny` is composed into unless that class already has an `->does` method, so

```
if ($foo->does('Some::Role')) {  
    ...  
}
```

will work for classes but to test a role, one must use `::does_role` directly.

Additionally, `Role::Tiny` will override the standard Perl "DOES" method for your class.

However, if "any" class in your class' inheritance hierarchy provides "DOES", then

`Role::Tiny` will not override it.

METHODS

make_role

```
Role::Tiny->make_role('Some::Role');
```

Makes a package into a role, but does not export any subs into it.

apply_roles_to_package

```
Role::Tiny->apply_roles_to_package(  
    'Some::Package', 'Some::Role', 'Some::Other::Role'  
);
```

Composes role with package. See also `Role::Tiny::With`.

`apply_roles_to_object`

```
Role::Tiny->apply_roles_to_object($foo, qw(Some::Role1 Some::Role2));
```

Composes roles in order into object directly. Object is reblessed into the resulting class. Note that the object's methods get overridden by the role's ones with the same names.

`create_class_with_roles`

```
Role::Tiny->create_class_with_roles('Some::Base', qw(Some::Role1 Some::Role2));
```

Creates a new class based on base, with the roles composed into it in order. New class is returned.

`is_role`

```
Role::Tiny->is_role('Some::Role1')
```

Returns true if the given package is a role.

CAVEATS

? On perl 5.8.8 and earlier, applying a role to an object won't apply any overloads from the role to other copies of the object.

? On perl 5.16 and earlier, applying a role to a class won't apply any overloads from the role to any existing instances of the class.

SEE ALSO

`Role::Tiny` is the attribute-less subset of `Moo::Role`; `Moo::Role` is a meta-protocol-less subset of the king of role systems, `Moose::Role`.

Ovid's `Role::Basic` provides roles with a similar scope, but without method modifiers, and

having some extra usage restrictions.

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