



Linux Ubuntu 22.4.5 Manual Pages on command 'findrule.1p'

\$ man findrule.1p

FINDRULE(1p) User Contributed Perl Documentation FINDRULE(1p)

NAME

findrule - command line wrapper to File::Find::Rule

USAGE

findrule [path...] [expression]

DESCRIPTION

"findrule" mostly borrows the interface from GNU find(1) to provide a command-line interface onto the File::Find::Rule heirarchy of modules.

The syntax for expressions is the rule name, preceded by a dash, followed by an optional argument. If the argument is an opening parenthesis it is taken as a list of arguments, terminated by a closing parenthesis.

Some examples:

```
find -file -name ( foo bar )
```

files named "foo" or "bar", below the current directory.

```
find -file -name foo -bar
```

files named "foo", that have pubs (for this is what our ficticious "bar" clause specifies), below the current directory.

```
find -file -name ( -bar )
```

files named "-bar", below the current directory. In this case if we'd have omitted the parenthesis it would have parsed as a call to name with no arguments, followed by a call to -bar.

Supported switches

I'm very slack. Please consult the `File::Find::Rule` manpage for now, and prepend -
to the commands that you want.

Extra bonus switches

`findrule` automatically loads all of your installed `File::Find::Rule::*` extension
modules, so check the documentation to see what those would be.

AUTHOR

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SEE ALSO

`File::Find::Rule`

perl v5.20.2

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