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Linux Ubuntu 22.4.5 Manual Pages on command 'libnpx.1'

\$ man libnpx.1

NPX(1)

User Commands

NPX(1)

NAME

npx - execute npm package binaries

SYNOPSIS

npx [options] <command>[@version] [command-arg]...

npx [options] [-p|--package <pkg>]... <command> [command-arg]...

npx [options] -c '<command-string>'

npx --shell-auto-fallback [shell]

INSTALL

npm install -g npx

DESCRIPTION

Executes <command> either from a local node_modules/.bin, or from a central cache, installing any packages needed in order for <command> to run.

By default, npx will check whether <command> exists in \$PATH, or in the local project binaries, and execute that. If <command> is not found, it will be installed prior to execution.

Unless a --package option is specified, npx will try to guess the name of the bi? nary to invoke depending on the specifier provided. All package specifiers under? stood by npm may be used with npx, including git specifiers, remote tarballs, local directories, or scoped packages.

If a full specifier is included, or if --package is used, npx will always use a freshly-installed, temporary version of the package. This can also be forced with

the --ignore-existing flag.

- ? -p, --package <package> define the package to be installed. This defaults to the value of <command>. This is only needed for packages with multiple binaries if you want to call one of the other executables, or where the binary name does not match the package name. If this option is provided <command> will be executed as-is, without interpreting @version if it's there. Multiple --package options may be provided, and all the packages specified will be installed.
- ? --no-install If passed to npx, it will only try to run <command> if it already exists in the current path or in \$prefix/node_modules/.bin. It won't try to in? stall missing commands.
- ? --cache <path> set the location of the npm cache. Defaults to npm's own cache settings.
- ? --userconfig <path> path to the user configuration file to pass to npm. De? faults to whatever npm's current default is.
- ? -c <string> Execute <string> inside an npm run-script-like shell environment, with all the usual environment variables available. Only the first item in <string> will be automatically used as <command>. Any others must use -p.
- ? --shell <string> The shell to invoke the command with, if any.
- ? --shell-auto-fallback [<shell>] Generates shell code to override your shell's "command not found" handler with one that calls npx. Tries to figure out your shell, or you can pass its name (either bash, fish, or zsh) as an option. See be? low for how to install.
- ? --ignore-existing If this flag is set, npx will not look in \$PATH, or in the current package's node_modules/.bin for an existing version before deciding whether to install. Binaries in those paths will still be available for execu? tion, but will be shadowed by any packages requested by this install.
- ? -q, --quiet Suppressed any output from npx itself (progress bars, error mes? sages, install reports). Subcommand output itself will not be silenced.
- ? -n, --node-arg Extra node argument to supply to node when binary is a node script. You can supply this option multiple times to add more arguments.
- ? -v, --version Show the current npx version.

EXAMPLES

```
$ npm i -D webpack
     $ npx webpack ...
 One-off invocation without local installation
     $ npm rm webpack
     $ npx webpack -- ...
     $ cat package.json
     ...webpack not in "devDependencies"...
 Invoking a command from a github repository
     $ npx github:piuccio/cowsay
     ...or...
     $ npx git+ssh://my.hosted.git:cowsay.git#semver:^1
     ...etc...
 Execute a full shell command using one npx call w/ multiple packages
     $ npx -p lolcatjs -p cowsay -c \
      'echo "$npm_package_name@$npm_package_version" | cowsay | lolcatjs'
     . . .
     < your-cool-package@1.2.3 >
         \ (00)\_____
            (__)\ )\/
              ||----w |
              Run node binary with --inspect
     $ npx --node-arg=--inspect cowsay
     Debugger listening on ws://127.0.0.1:9229/....
 Specify a node version to run npm scripts (or anything else!)
     npx -p node@8 npm run build
SHELL AUTO FALLBACK
```

You can configure npx to run as your default fallback command when you type some? thing in the command line with an @ but the command is not found. This includes in? stalling packages that were not found in the local prefix either.

For example:

\$ npm@4 --version

(stderr) npm@4 not found. Trying with npx...

4.6.1

\$ asdfasdfasf

zsh: command not found: asfdasdfasdf

Currently, zsh, bash (>= 4), and fish are supported. You can access these comple? tion scripts using npx --shell-auto-fallback <shell>.

To install permanently, add the relevant line below to your ~/.bashrc, ~/.zshrc, ~/.config/fish/config.fish, or as needed. To install just for the shell session, simply run the line.

You can optionally pass through --no-install when generating the fallback to pre? vent it from installing packages if the command is missing.

For bash@>=4:

\$ source <(npx --shell-auto-fallback bash)

For zsh:

\$ source <(npx --shell-auto-fallback zsh)

For fish:

\$ source (npx --shell-auto-fallback fish | psub)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Huge thanks to Kwyn Meagher https://blog.kwyn.io for generously donating the pack? age name in the main npm registry. Previously npx was used for a Tessel board Neopixels library, which can now be found under npx-tessel https://npm.im/npx-tes? sel.

AUTHOR

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REPORTING BUGS

Please file any relevant issues on Github. https://github.com/npm/npx

LICENSE

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SEE ALSO

? npm(1)

? npm-run-script(1)

? npm-config(7)

libnpx@10.2.1-2

March 2020

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