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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'secure_getenv.3'

```
$ man secure getenv.3
```

GETENV(3)

grammer's Manual

GETENV(3)

NAME

`getenv`, `secure_getenv` - get an environment variable

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdlib.h>

char *getenv(const char *name);

char *secure_getenv(const char *name);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see [feature_test_macros\(7\)](#)):

secure_getenv(): GNU SOURCE

DESCRIPTION

The `getenv()` function searches the environment list to find the environment variable name, and returns a pointer to the corresponding value string.

The GNU-specific `secure_getenv()` function is just like `getenv()` except that it returns `NULL` in cases where "secure execution" is required. Secure execution is required if one of the following conditions was true when the program run by the calling process was loaded:

- * the process's effective user ID did not match its real user ID or the process's effective group ID did not match its real group ID (typically this is the result of executing a set-user-ID or set-group-ID program);

- * the effective capability bit was set on the executable file; or
- * the process has a nonempty permitted capability set

Secure execution may also be required if triggered by some Linux security modules.

The secure `getenv()` function is intended for use in general-purpose libraries to avoid

vulnerabilities that could occur if set-user-ID or set-group-ID programs accidentally trusted the environment.

RETURN VALUE

The `getenv()` function returns a pointer to the value in the environment, or `NULL` if there is no match.

VERSIONS

`secure_getenv()` first appeared in glibc 2.17.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?getenv(), secure_getenv() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe env ?

CONFORMING TO

`getenv()`: POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C89, C99, SVr4, 4.3BSD.

`secure_getenv()` is a GNU extension.

NOTES

The strings in the environment list are of the form name=value.

As typically implemented, `getenv()` returns a pointer to a string within the environment list. The caller must take care not to modify this string, since that would change the environment of the process.

The implementation of `getenv()` is not required to be reentrant. The string pointed to by the return value of `getenv()` may be statically allocated, and can be modified by a subsequent call to `getenv()`, `putenv(3)`, `setenv(3)`, or `unsetenv(3)`.

The "secure execution" mode of `secure_getenv()` is controlled by the `AT_SECURE` flag contained in the auxiliary vector passed from the kernel to user space.

SFF ALSO

clearenv(3), getauxval(3), putenv(3), setenv(3), unsetenv(3), capabilities(7), environ(7)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

