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# Windows PowerShell Get-Help on Cmdlet 'Get-Printer'

PS:\>Get-HELP Get-Printer -Full

NAME

Get-Printer

# SYNOPSIS

Retrieves a list of printers installed on a computer.

# SYNTAX

Get-Printer [[-Name] <String[]>] [-AsJob] [-CimSession <CimSession[]>] [-ComputerName <String>] [-Full] [-ThrottleLimit <Int32>] [<CommonParameters>]

# DESCRIPTION

The Get-Printer cmdlet retrieves a list of printers installed on a computer. You can also use Get-Printer to retrieve the properties of a single printer, and then use

that information as input into other cmdlets.

You can use wildcard characters with Get-Printer . You can use a Get-Printer in a Windows PowerShell remoting session.

You do not need administrator credentials to run Get-Printer .

## PARAMETERS

### -AsJob [<SwitchParameter>]

Runs the cmdlet as a background job. Use this parameter to run commands that take a long time to complete.

Required?	false	
Position?	named	
Default value	False	
Accept pipeline in	put? False	
Accept wildcard characters? false		

# -CimSession <CimSession[]>

Runs the cmdlet in a remote session or on a remote computer. Enter a computer name or a session object, such as the output of a New-CimSession

(https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/p/?LinkId=227967) or

[Get-CimSession](https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/p/?LinkId=227966)cmdlet. The default is the current session

on the local computer.

- Required? false
- Position? named

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

#### -ComputerName <String>

Specifies the name of the computer from which to retrieve the printer information.

Required?	false
Required?	laise

Position? named

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

## -Full [<SwitchParameter>]

Specifies all the printer parameters to retrieve including RenderingMode and PermissionSDDL .

- Required? false
- Position? named
- Default value False
- Accept pipeline input? False
- Accept wildcard characters? false

# -Name <String[]>

Specifies the name of the printer about which to retrieve information.

Required?	false	
Position?	0	
Default value	None	
Accept pipeline input	' True	(ByPropertyName)
Accept wildcard characters? false		

# -ThrottleLimit <Int32>

Specifies the maximum number of concurrent operations that can be established to run the cmdlet. If this parameter is omitted or a value of `0` is entered, then

Windows PowerShellr calculates an optimum throttle limit for the cmdlet based on the number of CIM cmdlets that are running on the computer. The throttle limit

applies only to the current cmdlet, not to the session or to the computer.

Required?	false	
Position?	named	
Default value	None	
Accept pipeline ir	nput? False	
Accept wildcard characters? false		

This cmdlet supports the common parameters: Verbose, Debug,

ErrorAction, ErrorVariable, WarningAction, WarningVariable,

OutBuffer, PipelineVariable, and OutVariable. For more information, see

about\_CommonParameters (https:/go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=113216).

# INPUTS

System.String[]

# OUTPUTS

Microsoft.Management.Infrastructure.CimInstance

Microsoft.Management.Infrastructure.CimInstance#ROOT/StandardCimv2/MSFT\_Printer

This cmdlet outputs one or more printer objects.

# NOTES

----- Example 1: Get a list of printers ------

Get-Printer

This command retrieves a list of printers and printer connections on the local computer.

---- Example 2: Get the information for a specific printer ----

Get-Printer -Name "Microsoft XPS Document Writer"

Get-Printer -Name "Microsoft XPS Document Writer" | Format-List

This command retrieves detailed information for one specific printer named Microsoft XPS Document Writer. ---- Example 4: Get a list of printers on a remote computer ----

Get-Printer -ComputerName PrintServer

This command retrieves a list of printers from the computer named PrintServer.

Example 5: Get a list of printer objects and then rename the printers

\$Printer = Get-Printer -Name "Microsoft XPS Document Writer"

Rename-Printer -InputObject \$printer "MXDW"

The first command gets the printer named Microsoft XPS Document Writer, and then stores it in the \$Printer variable.

The second command renames the printer in \$Printer by using the Rename-Printer cmdlet.

# RELATED LINKS

Online

Version:

https://learn.microsoft.com/powershell/module/printmanagement/get-printer?view=windowsserver2022-ps&wt.mc\_id=ps-get help

noip

Add-Printer

Set-Printer

**Remove-Printer** 

Rename-Printer