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# Windows PowerShell Get-Help on Cmdlet 'Invoke-WSManAction'

PS:\>Get-HELP Invoke-WSManAction -Full

NAME

Invoke-WSManAction

## SYNOPSIS

Invokes an action on the object that is specified by the Resource URI and by the selectors.

#### **SYNTAX**

Invoke-WSManAction [-ResourceURI] <System.Uri> [-Action] <System.String> [[-SelectorSet] <System.Collections.Hashtable>] [-ApplicationName <System.String>]

[-Authentication {None | Default | Digest | Negotiate | Basic | Kerberos | ClientCertificate | Credssp}]
[-CertificateThumbprint <System.String>] [-ComputerName

<System.String>] [-Credential <System.Management.Automation.PSCredential>] [-FilePath <System.String>] [-OptionSet <System.Collections.Hashtable>] [-Port

<System.Int32>] [-SessionOption <Microsoft.WSMan.Management.SessionOption>] [-UseSSL] [-ValueSet
<System.Collections.Hashtable>] [<CommonParameters>]

Invoke-WSManAction [-ResourceURI] <System.Uri> [-Action] <System.String> [[-SelectorSet] <System.Collections.Hashtable>] [-Authentication {None | Default | Digest |

Negotiate | Basic | Kerberos | ClientCertificate | Credssp}] [-CertificateThumbprint <System.String>] [-Conpagaior/t/DRI

<System.Uri>] [-Credential

<System.Management.Automation.PSCredential>]

[-FilePath <System.String>]

[-OptionSet

<System.Collections.Hashtable>] [-SessionOption

<Microsoft.WSMan.Management.SessionOption>] [-ValueSet <System.Collections.Hashtable>] [<CommonParameters>]

# **DESCRIPTION**

The `Invoke-WSManAction` runs an action on the object that is specified by RESOURCE\_URI, where parameters are specified by key value pairs.

This cmdlet uses the WSMan connection/transport layer to run the action.

#### **PARAMETERS**

-Action <System.String>

Specifies the method to run on the management object specified by the ResourceURI and selectors.

Required? true

Position? 1

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

-ApplicationName <System.String>

Specifies the application name in the connection. The default value of the ApplicationName parameter is WSMAN. The complete identifier for the remote endpoint is

in the following format:

`<Transport>://<Server>:<Port>/<ApplicationName>`

For example:

Internet Information Services (IIS), which hosts the session, forwards requests with this endpoint to the specified application. This default setting of "WSMAN"

is appropriate for most uses. This parameter is designed to be used when numerous computers establish remote connections to one computer running Windows

PowerShell. In this case, IIS hosts Web Services for Management (WS-Management) for efficiency.

Required? false

Position? named

Default value Wsman

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

-Authentication < Microsoft. WSMan. Management. Authentication Mechanism >

Specifies the authentication mechanism to be used at the server. Possible values are:

- `Basic` - Basic is a scheme in which the user name and password are sent in clear text to the server or proxy. - `Default` - Use the authentication method

implemented by the WS-Management protocol. This is the default. - `Digest` - Digest is a challenge-response scheme that uses a server-specified data string for

the challenge. - `Kerberos` - The client computer and the server mutually authenticate by using Kerberos certificates.

- `Negotiate` - Negotiate is a

challenge-response scheme that negotiates with the server or proxy to determine the scheme to use for authentication. For example, this parameter value allows

negotiation to determine whether the Kerberos protocol or NTLM is used. - `CredSSP` - Use Credential Security Support Provider (CredSSP) authentication, which

allows the user to delegate credentials. This option is designed for commands that run on one remote computer but collect data from or run additional commands

on other remote computers.

> [!CAUTION] > CredSSP delegates the user's credentials from the local computer to a remote computer. This > practice increases the security risk of the remote

operation. If the remote computer is > compromised, when credentials are passed to it, the credentials can and computer is > compromised, when credentials are passed to it, the credentials can be seen as a compromised.

control the network > session.

Required?

false

Position?

named

Default value

None

Accept pipeline input?

False

Accept wildcard characters? false

# -CertificateThumbprint <System.String>

Specifies the digital public key certificate (X509) of a user account that has permission to perform this action. Enter the certificate thumbprint of the

certificate.

Certificates are used in client certificate-based authentication. They can be mapped only to local user accounts; they do not work with domain accounts.

To get a certificate thumbprint, use the `Get-Item` or `Get-ChildItem` command in the Windows PowerShell Cert: drive.

Required?

false

Position?

named

Default value

None

Accept pipeline input?

False

Accept wildcard characters? false

# -ComputerName <System.String>

Specifies the computer against which you want to run the management operation. The value can be a fully qualified domain name, a NetBIOS name, or an IP address.

Use the local computer name, use localhost, or use a dot (`.`) to specify the local computer. The local computer is the default. When the remote computer is in a

different domain from the user, you must use a fully qualified domain name must be used. You can pipe a value for this parameter to the cmdlet.

Required? false Page 4/12

Position? named Default value Localhost Accept pipeline input? False Accept wildcard characters? false -ConnectionURI <System.Uri> Specifies the connection endpoint. The format of this string is: `<Transport>://<Server>:<Port>/<ApplicationName>` The following string is a properly formatted value for this parameter: `http://Server01:8080/WSMAN` The URI must be fully qualified. Required? false Position? named Default value None Accept pipeline input? False Accept wildcard characters? false -Credential <System.Management.Automation.PSCredential> Specifies a user account that has permission to perform this action. The default is the current user. Type a user name, such as "User01", "Domain01\User01", or User@Domain.com. Or, enter a PSCredential object, such as one returned by the `Get-Credential` cmdlet. When you type a user name, you will be prompted for a password.

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false

named

None

Required?

Position?

Default value

Accept wildcard characters? false

-FilePath <System.String>

Specifies the path of a file that is used to update a management resource. You specify the management resource by using the ResourceURI parameter and the

SelectorSet parameter. For example, the following command uses the FilePath parameter:

`Invoke-WSManAction -Action stopservice -ResourceUri wmicimv2/Win32\_Service -SelectorSet @{Name="spooler"} -FilePath c:\input.xml -Authentication default`

This command calls the StopService method on the Spooler service by using input from a file. The file, `Input.xml`, contains the following content:

`<p:StopService\_INPUT xmlns:p="http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32\_Service" />`

Required? false

Position? named

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

-OptionSet <System.Collections.Hashtable>

Passes a set of switches to a service to modify or refine the nature of the request. These are similar to switches used in command-line shells because they are

service specific. Any number of options can be specified.

The following example demonstrates the syntax that passes the values 1, 2, and 3 for the a, b, and c parameters:

`-OptionSet @{a=1;b=2;c=3}`

Required? false

Position? named

Default value None Page 6/12

Accept pipeline input? True (ByPropertyName, ByValue)

Accept wildcard characters? false

-Port <System.Int32>

Specifies the port to use when the client connects to the WinRM service. When the transport is HTTP, the default port is 80. When the transport is HTTPS, the

default port is 443. When you use HTTPS as the transport, the value of the ComputerName parameter must match the server's certificate common name (CN). However,

if the SkipCNCheck parameter is specified as part of the SessionOption parameter, then the certificate common name of the server does not have to match the host

name of the server. The SkipCNCheck parameter should be used only for trusted machines.

Required? false

Position? named

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

-ResourceURI <System.Uri>

Contains the Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) of the resource class or instance. The URI is used to identify a specific type of resource, such as disks or

processes, on a computer.

A URI consists of a prefix and a path to a resource. For example:

http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32 LogicalDisk

`http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/cim-schema/2/CIM\_NumericSensor`

Required? true

Position? 0

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? True (ByPropertyName, ByValue)

Accept wildcard characters? false

-SelectorSet <System.Collections.Hashtable>

Specifies a set of value pairs that are used to select particular management resource instances. SelectorSet is used when more than one instance of the resource

exists. The value of SelectorSet must be a hash table.

The following example shows how to enter a value for this parameter:

`-SelectorSet @{Name="WinRM";ID="yyy"}`

Required? false

Position? 2

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? True (ByPropertyName, ByValue)

Accept wildcard characters? false

-SessionOption < Microsoft. WSMan. Management. SessionOption >

Defines a set of extended options for the WS-Management session. Enter a SessionOption object that you create by using the `New-WSManSessionOption` cmdlet. For

more information about the options that are available, see `New-WSManSessionOption`.

Required? false

Position? named

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

-UseSSL <System.Management.Automation.SwitchParameter>

Specifies that the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) protocol is used to establish a connection to the remote computer. By default, SSL is not used.

you specify the additional protection of HTTPS

instead of HTTP. If SSL is not available on the port that is used for the connection and you specify this parameter, the command fails.

Required? false

Position? named

Default value False

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

### -ValueSet <System.Collections.Hashtable>

Specifies a hash table that helps modify a management resource. You specify the management resource using the ResourceURI and SelectorSet parameters. The value of

the ValueSet parameter must be a hash table.

Required? false

Position? named

Default value None

Accept pipeline input? False

Accept wildcard characters? false

#### <CommonParameters>

This cmdlet supports the common parameters: Verbose, Debug,

ErrorAction, ErrorVariable, WarningAction, WarningVariable,

OutBuffer, PipelineVariable, and OutVariable. For more information, see

about\_CommonParameters (https:/go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=113216).

# **INPUTS**

### None

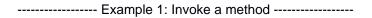
You can't pipe objects to this cmdlet.

OUTPUTS Page 9/12



This cmdlet returns the result of the operation as an XmlElement object.

#### **NOTES**



Invoke-WSManAction -Action startservice -ResourceURI wmicimv2/win32\_service -SelectorSet @{name="spooler"} -Authentication default

xsi : http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance

p : http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32\_Service

cim : http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common

lang : en-US

ReturnValue: 0

This command calls the StartService method of the Win32\_Service WMI class instance that corresponds to the Spooler service.

The return value indicates whether the action was successful. In this case, a return value of 0 indicates success. A return value of 5 indicates that the service is

#### already started.

----- Example 2: Invoke a method ------

Invoke-WSManAction -Action stopservice -ResourceURI wmicimv2/Win32\_Service -SelectorSet @{Name="spooler"} -FilePath:input.xml -Authentication default

xsi : http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance

p: http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32\_Service

: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common cim

: en-US lang

ReturnValue: 0

This command calls the StopService method on the Spooler service by using input from a file. The file, `Input.xml`, contains the following content:

`<p:StopService\_INPUT xmlns:p="http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32\_Service" />`

The return value indicates whether the action was successful. In this case, a return value of 0 indicates success. A return value of 5 indicates that the service is

already started.

-- Example 3: Invoke a method with specified parameter values --

Invoke-WSManAction -Action -ResourceURI wmicimv2/win32\_process -ValueSet create @{commandline="notepad.exe";currentdirectory="C:\"}

xsi : http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance

: http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32\_Process р

: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common cim

lang : en-US

ProcessId: 6356

ReturnValue: 0

This command calls the Create method of the Win32\_Process class. It passes the method two parameter values, `Notepad.exe` and `C:`. As a result, a new process is

created to run Notepad, and the current directory of the new process is set to `C:`.

----- Example 4: Invoke a method on a remote computer ------

Invoke-WSManAction -Action startservice -ResourceURI wmicimv2/win32\_service -SelectorSet @{name="spooler"} -ComputerName server01 -Authentication default

p : http://schemas.microsoft.com/wbem/wsman/1/wmi/root/cimv2/Win32\_Service

cim: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wscim/1/common

lang : en-US

ReturnValue: 0

This command calls the StartService method of the Win32\_Service WMI class instance that corresponds to the Spooler service. Because the ComputerName parameter is

specified, the command runs against the remote server01 computer.

The return value indicates whether the action was successful. In this case, a return value of 0 indicates success. A return value of 5 indicates that the service is

already started.

#### **RELATED LINKS**

Online Version:

https://learn.microsoft.com/powershell/module/microsoft.wsman.management/invoke-wsmanaction?view=powershell-5.1&W

T.mc\_id=ps-gethelp

Invoke-WmiMethod

Connect-WSMan

Disable-WSManCredSSP

Disconnect-WSMan

Enable-WSManCredSSP

Get-WSManCredSSP

Get-WSManInstance

New-WSManInstance

New-WSManSessionOption

Remove-WSManInstance

Set-WSManInstance

Set-WSManQuickConfig

Test-WSMan