Windows PowerShell Get-Help on Cmdlet 'Resume-BitLocker'

PS:\>Get-HELP Resume-BitLocker -Full

NAME

   Resume-BitLocker

SYNOPSIS

   Restores Bitlocker encryption for the specified volume.

SYNTAX

   Resume-BitLocker [-MountPoint] <String[]> [-Confirm] [-WhatIf] [<CommonParameters>]

DESCRIPTION

   The Resume-BitLocker cmdlet restores encryption on a volume that uses BitLocker Drive Encryption. You can use the Suspend-BitLocker cmdlet to allow users to access

   encrypted data temporarily. Data written to the volume continues to be encrypted, but the key to unlock the operating system volume is in the open.

   You can specify a volume by drive letter, or you can specify a BitLocker volume object. If you specify a BitLocker volume that is not suspended, this cmdlet has no

   effect on that volume.

For an overview of BitLocker, see BitLocker Drive Encryption Overview (https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc732774.aspx)on TechNet.

PARAMETERS

-Confirm [<SwitchParameter>]

Prompts you for confirmation before running the cmdlet.

Required?   false

Position?   named

Default value   False

Accept pipeline input?   False

Accept wildcard characters? false

-MountPoint <String[]>

Specifies an array of drive letters or BitLocker volume objects. This cmdlet resumes protection for the volumes specified. To obtain a BitLocker volume object,

use the Get-BitLockerVolume cmdlet.

Required?   true

Position?   0

Default value   None

Accept pipeline input?   True (ByPropertyName, ByValue)

Accept wildcard characters? false

-WhatIf [<SwitchParameter>]

Shows what would happen if the cmdlet runs. The cmdlet is not run.

Required?   false

Position?   named

Default value   False

Accept pipeline input?   False

Accept wildcard characters? false

<CommonParameters>

    This cmdlet supports the common parameters: Verbose, Debug,

    ErrorAction, ErrorVariable, WarningAction, WarningVariable,

    OutBuffer, PipelineVariable, and OutVariable. For more information, see

    about_CommonParameters (https:/go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=113216).

INPUTS

    BitLockerVolume[], String[]

OUTPUTS

    BitLockerVolume[]

NOTES

    ---------- Example 1: Resume protection for a volume ----------

    PS C:\> Resume-BitLocker -MountPoint "C:"

    This command resumes BitLocker protection for the C: drive.

    -- Example 2: Resume protection for all volumes on a computer --

    PS C:\>Get-BitLockerVolume | Resume-BitLocker

    This command gets all the BitLocker volumes for the current computer by using the Get-BitLockerVolume cmdlet and

passes them to Resume-BitLocker by using the pipeline

operator. The command restores protection for all BitLocker volumes.

RELATED LINKS

Online Version:

https://learn.microsoft.com/powershell/module/bitlocker/resume-bitlocker?view=windowsserver2022-ps&wt.mc_id=ps-gethel

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Disable-BitLocker

Enable-BitLocker

Get-BitLockerVolume

Lock-BitLocker

Suspend-BitLocker

Unlock-BitLocker