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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'atan.3p' command

\$ man atan.3p

ATAN(3P) POSIX Programmer's Manual ATAN(3P)

PROLOG

This manual page is part of the POSIX Programmer's Manual. The Linux implementation of this interface may differ (consult the corresponding Linux manual page for details of Linux behavior), or the interface may not be implemented on Linux.

NAME

atan, atanf, atanl ? arc tangent function

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <math.h>

double atan(double x);

float atanf(float x);

long double atanl(long double x);
```

DESCRIPTION

The functionality described on this reference page is aligned with the ISO C standard. Any conflict between the requirements described here and the ISO C standard is unintentional. This volume of POSIX.1?2017 defers to the ISO C standard.

These functions shall compute the principal value of the arc tangent of their argument x.

An application wishing to check for error situations should set errno to zero and call feclearexcept(FE_ALL_EXCEPT) before calling these functions. On return, if errno is non-zero or fetestexcept(FE_INVALID |

FE_DIVBYZERO | FE_OVERFLOW | FE_UNDERFLOW) is non-zero, an error has occurred.

RETURN VALUE

Upon successful completion, these functions shall return the arc tan?

gent of x in the range $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ radians.

If x is NaN, a NaN shall be returned.

If x is 0, x shall be returned.

If x is $\pm\infty$, $\pm\pi/2$ shall be returned.

If x is subnormal, a range error may occur

and x should be returned.

If x is not returned, atan(), atanf(), and atanl() shall return an im?

plementation-defined value no greater in magnitude than DBL_MIN,

FLT_MIN, and LDBL_MIN, respectively.

ERRORS

These functions may fail if:

Range Error The value of x is subnormal.

If the integer expression (math_errhandling & MATH_ERRNO) is non-zero, then errno shall be set to [ERANGE]. If the integer expression (math_errhandling & MATH_ERREXCEPT) is non-zero, then the underflow floating-point exception shall be raised.

The following sections are informative.

EXAMPLES

None.

APPLICATION USAGE

On error, the expressions (math_errhandling & MATH_ERRNO) and (math_errhandling & MATH_ERREXCEPT) are independent of each other, but at least one of them must be non-zero.

RATIONALE

None.

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

None.

SEE ALSO

atan2(), feclearexcept(), fetestexcept(), isnan(), tan()

The Base Definitions volume of POSIX.1-2017, Section 4.20, Treatment of Error Conditions for Mathematical Functions, <math.h>

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2017

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