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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'pthread_spin_destroy.3' command

\$ man pthread_spin_destroy.3

PTHREAD_SPIN_INIT(3) Linux Prog

Linux Programmer's Manual

PTHREAD_SPIN_INIT(3)

NAME

pthread_spin_init, pthread_spin_destroy - initialize or destroy a spin

lock

SYNOPSIS

#include <pthread.h>

int pthread_spin_init(pthread_spinlock_t *lock, int pshared);

int pthread spin destroy(pthread spinlock t *lock);

Compile and link with -pthread.

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):

pthread_spin_init(), pthread_spin_destroy():

_POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L

DESCRIPTION

General note: Most programs should use mutexes instead of spin locks.

Spin locks are primarily useful in conjunction with real-time schedul?

ing policies. See NOTES.

The pthread_spin_init() function allocates any resources required for

the use of the spin lock referred to by lock and initializes the lock

to be in the unlocked state. The pshared argument must have one of the

following values:

PTHREAD_PROCESS_PRIVATE

The spin lock is to be operated on only by threads in the same process as the thread that calls pthread_spin_init(). (Attempt?

ing to share the spin lock between processes results in unde? fined behavior.)

PTHREAD_PROCESS_SHARED

The spin lock may be operated on by any thread in any process that has access to the memory containing the lock (i.e., the lock may be in a shared memory object that is shared among mul? tiple processes).

Calling pthread_spin_init() on a spin lock that has already been ini? tialized results in undefined behavior.

The pthread_spin_destroy() function destroys a previously initialized spin lock, freeing any resources that were allocated for that lock.

Destroying a spin lock that has not been previously been initialized or destroying a spin lock while another thread holds the lock results in undefined behavior.

Once a spin lock has been destroyed, performing any operation on the lock other than once more initializing it with pthread_spin_init() re? sults in undefined behavior.

The result of performing operations such as pthread_spin_lock(3), pthread_spin_unlock(3), and pthread_spin_destroy() on copies of the ob? ject referred to by lock is undefined.

RETURN VALUE

On success, there functions return zero. On failure, they return an error number. In the event that pthread_spin_init() fails, the lock is not initialized.

ERRORS

pthread spin init() may fail with the following errors:

EAGAIN The system has insufficient resources to initialize a new spin lock.

ENOMEM Insufficient memory to initialize the spin lock.

VERSIONS

These functions first appeared in glibc in version 2.2.

CONFORMING TO

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Support for process-shared spin locks is a POSIX option. The option is supported in the glibc implementation.

NOTES

Spin locks should be employed in conjunction with real-time scheduling policies (SCHED_FIFO, or possibly SCHED_RR). Use of spin locks with nondeterministic scheduling policies such as SCHED_OTHER probably indi? cates a design mistake. The problem is that if a thread operating un? der such a policy is scheduled off the CPU while it holds a spin lock, then other threads will waste time spinning on the lock until the lock holder is once more rescheduled and releases the lock.

If threads create a deadlock situation while employing spin locks, those threads will spin forever consuming CPU time.

User-space spin locks are not applicable as a general locking solution.

They are, by definition, prone to priority inversion and unbounded spin times. A programmer using spin locks must be exceptionally careful not only in the code, but also in terms of system configuration, thread placement, and priority assignment.

SEE ALSO

pthread_mutex_init(3), pthread_mutex_lock(3), pthread_spin_lock(3),
pthread_spin_unlock(3), pthreads(7)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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