



## ***Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'pthread\_timedjoin\_np.3' command***

### ***\$ man pthread\_timedjoin\_np.3***

PTHREAD\_TRYJOIN\_NP(3)    Linux Programmer's Manual    PTHREAD\_TRYJOIN\_NP(3)

#### NAME

pthread\_tryjoin\_np, pthread\_timedjoin\_np - try to join with a terminated thread

#### SYNOPSIS

```
#define _GNU_SOURCE          /* See feature_test_macros(7) */

#include <pthread.h>

int pthread_tryjoin_np(pthread_t thread, void **retval);

int pthread_timedjoin_np(pthread_t thread, void **retval,
                        const struct timespec *abstime);

Compile and link with -pthread.
```

#### DESCRIPTION

These functions operate in the same way as pthread\_join(3), except for the differences described on this page.

The pthread\_tryjoin\_np() function performs a nonblocking join with the thread thread, returning the exit status of the thread in \*retval. If thread has not yet terminated, then instead of blocking, as is done by pthread\_join(3), the call returns an error.

The pthread\_timedjoin\_np() function performs a join-with-timeout. If thread has not yet terminated, then the call blocks until a maximum time, specified in abstime, measured against the CLOCK\_REALTIME clock.

If the timeout expires before thread terminates, the call returns an error. The abstime argument is a structure of the following form,

specifying an absolute time measured since the Epoch (see time(2)):

```
struct timespec {  
    time_t tv_sec; /* seconds */  
    long tv_nsec; /* nanoseconds */  
};
```

## RETURN VALUE

On success, these functions return 0; on error, they return an error number.

## ERRORS

These functions can fail with the same errors as pthread\_join(3).

pthread\_tryjoin\_np() can in addition fail with the following error:

EBUSY thread had not yet terminated at the time of the call.

pthread\_timedjoin\_np() can in addition fail with the following errors:

### ETIMEDOUT

The call timed out before thread terminated.

EINVAL abstime value is invalid (tv\_sec is less than 0 or tv\_nsec is greater than 1e9).

pthread\_timedjoin\_np() never returns the error EINTR.

## VERSIONS

These functions first appeared in glibc in version 2.3.3.

## ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

??

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

??

?pthread\_tryjoin\_np(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

?pthread\_timedjoin\_np() ? ? ?

??

## CONFORMING TO

These functions are nonstandard GNU extensions; hence the suffix "\_np" (nonportable) in the names.

## EXAMPLES

The following code waits to join for up to 5 seconds:

```
struct timespec ts;

int s;

...

if (clock_gettime(CLOCK_REALTIME, &ts) == -1) {

    /* Handle error */

}

ts.tv_sec += 5;

s = pthread_timedjoin_np(thread, NULL, &ts);

if (s != 0) {

    /* Handle error */

}
```

## BUGS

The `pthread_timedjoin_np()` function measures time by internally calculating a relative sleep interval that is then measured against the `CLOCK_MONOTONIC` clock instead of the `CLOCK_REALTIME` clock. Consequently, the timeout is unaffected by discontinuous changes to the `CLOCK_REALTIME` clock.

## SEE ALSO

`clock_gettime(2)`, `pthread_exit(3)`, `pthread_join(3)`,  `pthreads(7)`

## COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

Linux 2020-12-21 PTHREAD\_TRYJOIN\_NP(3)