



Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'qsort_r.3' command

\$ man qsort_r.3

QSORT(3) Linux Programmer's Manual QSORT(3)

NAME

qsort, qsort_r - sort an array

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void qsort(void *base, size_t nmem, size_t size,
```

```
         int (*compar)(const void *, const void *));
```

```
void qsort_r(void *base, size_t nmem, size_t size,
```

```
         int (*compar)(const void *, const void *, void *),
```

```
         void *arg);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):

```
qsort_r(): _GNU_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

The `qsort()` function sorts an array with `nmem` elements of size `size`.

The `base` argument points to the start of the array.

The contents of the array are sorted in ascending order according to a comparison function pointed to by `compar`, which is called with two arguments that point to the objects being compared.

The comparison function must return an integer less than, equal to, or greater than zero if the first argument is considered to be respectively less than, equal to, or greater than the second. If two members compare as equal, their order in the sorted array is undefined.

The `qsort_r()` function is identical to `qsort()` except that the comparison

son function `strcmp` takes a third argument. A pointer is passed to the comparison function via `arg`. In this way, the comparison function does not need to use global variables to pass through arbitrary arguments, and is therefore reentrant and safe to use in threads.

RETURN VALUE

The `qsort()` and `qsort_r()` functions return no value.

VERSIONS

`qsort_r()` was added to glibc in version 2.8.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at?

tributes(7).

????????????????????????????????????????????????????????

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

????????????????????????????????????????????????????????

?`qsort()`, `qsort_r()` ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

????????????????????????????????????????????????????????

CONFORMING TO

`qsort()`: POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C89, C99, SVr4, 4.3BSD.

NOTES

To compare C strings, the comparison function can call `strcmp(3)`, as shown in the example below.

EXAMPLES

For one example of use, see the example under `bsearch(3)`.

Another example is the following program, which sorts the strings given in its command-line arguments:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
static int
```

```
cmpstringp(const void *p1, const void *p2)
```

```
{
```

```
/* The actual arguments to this function are "pointers to
```

```
pointers to char", but strcmp(3) arguments are "pointers
```

```

        to char", hence the following cast plus dereference */
return strcmp(*(const char **) p1, *(const char **) p2);
}

int
main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    if (argc < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s <string>...\n", argv[0]);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    qsort(&argv[1], argc - 1, sizeof(char *), cmpstringp);

    for (int j = 1; j < argc; j++)
        puts(argv[j]);

    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

SEE ALSO

sort(1), alphasort(3), strcmp(3), versionsort(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

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