



## ***Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'service\_seusers.5' command***

***\$ man service\_seusers.5***

service\_seusers(5)      SELinux configuration      service\_seusers(5)

### **NAME**

service\_seusers - The SELinux GNU/Linux user and service to SELinux user mapping configuration files

### **DESCRIPTION**

These are optional files that allow services to define an SELinux user when authenticating via SELinux-aware login applications such as PAM(8).

There is one file for each GNU/Linux user name that will be required to run a service with a specific SELinux user name.

The path for each configuration file is formed by the path returned by `selinux_policy_root(3)` with `/logins/username` appended (where `username` is a file representing the GNU/Linux user name). The default services directory is located at:

`/etc/selinux/{SELINUXTYPE}/logins`

Where `{SELINUXTYPE}` is the entry from the `selinux` configuration file `config` (see `selinux_config(5)`).

getseuser(3) reads this file to map services to an SELinux user.

## FILE FORMAT

Each line within the username file is formatted as follows with each component separated by a colon:

```
service:seuser[:range]
```

Where:

service

The service name used by the application.

seuser

The SELinux user name.

range

The range for MCS/MLS policies.

## EXAMPLES

Example 1 - for the 'root' user:

```
# ./logins/root
```

```
ipa:user_u:s0
```

```
this_service:unconfined_u:s0
```

Example 2 - for GNU/Linux user 'rch':

```
# ./logins/rch
```

```
ipa:unconfined_u:s0
```

```
that_service:unconfined_u:s0
```

## SEE ALSO

selinux(8), PAM(8), selinux\_policy\_root(3), getseuser(3),  
selinux\_config(5)