



Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'wcscat.3' command

\$ man wcscat.3

WCSCAT(3) Linux Programmer's Manual WCSCAT(3)

NAME

wcscat - concatenate two wide-character strings

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <wchar.h>

wchar_t *wcscat(wchar_t *dest, const wchar_t *src);
```

DESCRIPTION

The wcscat() function is the wide-character equivalent of the strcat(3) function. It copies the wide-character string pointed to by src, including the terminating null wide character (L'\0'), to the end of the wide-character string pointed to by dest.

The strings may not overlap.

The programmer must ensure that there is room for at least wcslen(dest)+wcslen(src)+1 wide characters at dest.

RETURN VALUE

wcscat() returns dest.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

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?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

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?wcscat() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

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CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C99.

SEE ALSO

strcat(3), wcpncpy(3), wcscpy(3), wcsncat(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

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