



Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'BIO_meth_get_create.3ossl'

\$ man BIO_meth_get_create.3ossl

BIO_METH_NEW(3ossl) OpenSSL BIO_METH_NEW(3ossl)

NAME

BIO_get_new_index, BIO_meth_new, BIO_meth_free, BIO_meth_get_read_ex,
BIO_meth_set_read_ex, BIO_meth_get_write_ex, BIO_meth_set_write_ex,
BIO_meth_get_write, BIO_meth_set_write, BIO_meth_get_read,
BIO_meth_set_read, BIO_meth_get_puts, BIO_meth_set_puts,
BIO_meth_get_gets, BIO_meth_set_gets, BIO_meth_get_ctrl,
BIO_meth_set_ctrl, BIO_meth_get_create, BIO_meth_set_create,
BIO_meth_get_destroy, BIO_meth_set_destroy, BIO_meth_get_callback_ctrl,
BIO_meth_set_callback_ctrl - Routines to build up BIO methods

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/bio.h>
```

```
int BIO_get_new_index(void);
```

```
BIO_METHOD *BIO_meth_new(int type, const char *name);
```

```

void BIO_meth_free(BIO_METHOD *biom);

int (*BIO_meth_get_write_ex(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, const char *, size_t,
                                                    size_t *);

int (*BIO_meth_get_write(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, const char *, int);

int BIO_meth_set_write_ex(BIO_METHOD *biom,
                          int (*bwrite)(BIO *, const char *, size_t, size_t *));

int BIO_meth_set_write(BIO_METHOD *biom,
                      int (*write)(BIO *, const char *, int));

int (*BIO_meth_get_read_ex(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, char *, size_t, size_t *);

int (*BIO_meth_get_read(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, char *, int);

int BIO_meth_set_read_ex(BIO_METHOD *biom,
                        int (*bread)(BIO *, char *, size_t, size_t *));

int BIO_meth_set_read(BIO_METHOD *biom, int (*read)(BIO *, char *, int));

int (*BIO_meth_get_puts(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, const char *);

int BIO_meth_set_puts(BIO_METHOD *biom, int (*puts)(BIO *, const char *));

int (*BIO_meth_get_gets(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, char *, int);

int BIO_meth_set_gets(BIO_METHOD *biom,
                    int (*gets)(BIO *, char *, int));

long (*BIO_meth_get_ctrl(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, int, long, void *);

int BIO_meth_set_ctrl(BIO_METHOD *biom,
                    long (*ctrl)(BIO *, int, long, void *));

int (*BIO_meth_get_create(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *);

int BIO_meth_set_create(BIO_METHOD *biom, int (*create)(BIO *));

int (*BIO_meth_get_destroy(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *);

int BIO_meth_set_destroy(BIO_METHOD *biom, int (*destroy)(BIO *));

```

```
long (*BIO_meth_get_callback_ctrl(const BIO_METHOD *biom))(BIO *, int, BIO_info_cb *);  
int BIO_meth_set_callback_ctrl(BIO_METHOD *biom,  
                               long (*callback_ctrl)(BIO *, int, BIO_info_cb *));
```

DESCRIPTION

The `BIO_METHOD` type is a structure used for the implementation of new BIO types. It provides a set of functions used by OpenSSL for the implementation of the various BIO capabilities. See the `bio(7)` page for more information.

`BIO_meth_new()` creates a new `BIO_METHOD` structure. It should be given a unique integer type and a string that represents its name. Use `BIO_get_new_index()` to get the value for type.

The set of standard OpenSSL provided BIO types is provided in `<openssl/bio.h>`. Some examples include `BIO_TYPE_BUFFER` and `BIO_TYPE_CIPHER`. Filter BIOs should have a type which have the "filter" bit set (`BIO_TYPE_FILTER`). Source/sink BIOs should have the "source/sink" bit set (`BIO_TYPE_SOURCE_SINK`). File descriptor based BIOs (e.g. socket, fd, connect, accept etc) should additionally have the "descriptor" bit set (`BIO_TYPE_DESCRIPTOR`). See the `BIO_find_type(3)` page for more information.

`BIO_meth_free()` destroys a `BIO_METHOD` structure and frees up any memory associated with it.

`BIO_meth_get_write_ex()` and `BIO_meth_set_write_ex()` get and set the function used for writing arbitrary length data to the BIO respectively. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_write_ex()` or `BIO_write()`. The parameters for the function have the same meaning as for `BIO_write_ex()`. Older code may call `BIO_meth_get_write()` and `BIO_meth_set_write()` instead.

Applications should not call both `BIO_meth_set_write_ex()` and `BIO_meth_set_write()` or call `BIO_meth_get_write()` when the function was set with `BIO_meth_set_write_ex()`.

`BIO_meth_get_read_ex()` and `BIO_meth_set_read_ex()` get and set the function used for reading arbitrary length data from the BIO respectively. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_read_ex()` or `BIO_read()`. The parameters for the function have the same meaning as for `BIO_read_ex()`. Older code may call `BIO_meth_get_read()` and `BIO_meth_set_read()` instead.

Applications should not call both `BIO_meth_set_read_ex()` and `BIO_meth_set_read()` or call `BIO_meth_get_read()` when the function was set with `BIO_meth_set_read_ex()`.

`BIO_meth_get_puts()` and `BIO_meth_set_puts()` get and set the function used for writing a NULL terminated string to the BIO respectively. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_puts()`. The parameters for the function have the same meaning as for `BIO_puts()`.

`BIO_meth_get_gets()` and `BIO_meth_set_gets()` get and set the function typically used for reading a line of data from the BIO respectively (see the `BIO_gets(3)` page for more information). This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_gets()`. The parameters for the function have the same meaning as for `BIO_gets()`.

`BIO_meth_get_ctrl()` and `BIO_meth_set_ctrl()` get and set the function used for processing ctrl messages in the BIO respectively. See the `BIO_ctrl(3)` page for more information. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_ctrl()`. The parameters for the function have the same meaning as for `BIO_ctrl()`.

`BIO_meth_get_create()` and `BIO_meth_set_create()` get and set the

function used for creating a new instance of the BIO respectively. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_new()` and passing in a pointer to the current `BIO_METHOD`. The `BIO_new()` function will allocate the memory for the new BIO, and a pointer to this newly allocated structure will be passed as a parameter to the function. If a create function is set, `BIO_new()` will not mark the BIO as initialised on allocation. `BIO_set_init(3)` must then be called either by the create function, or later, by a BIO ctrl function, once BIO initialisation is complete.

`BIO_meth_get_destroy()` and `BIO_meth_set_destroy()` get and set the function used for destroying an instance of a BIO respectively. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_free()`. A pointer to the BIO to be destroyed is passed as a parameter. The destroy function should be used for BIO specific clean up. The memory for the BIO itself should not be freed by this function.

`BIO_meth_get_callback_ctrl()` and `BIO_meth_set_callback_ctrl()` get and set the function used for processing callback ctrl messages in the BIO respectively. See the `BIO_callback_ctrl(3)` page for more information. This function will be called in response to the application calling `BIO_callback_ctrl()`. The parameters for the function have the same meaning as for `BIO_callback_ctrl()`.

RETURN VALUES

`BIO_get_new_index()` returns the new BIO type value or -1 if an error occurred.

`BIO_meth_new(int type, const char *name)` returns a valid `BIO_METHOD` or NULL if an error occurred.

The `BIO_meth_set` functions return 1 on success or 0 on error.

The BIO_meth_get functions return the corresponding function pointers.

SEE ALSO

bio(7), BIO_find_type(3), BIO_ctrl(3), BIO_read_ex(3), BIO_new(3)

HISTORY

The functions described here were added in OpenSSL 1.1.0.

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