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### ***Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'BN\_priv\_rand.3ossl'***

***\$ man BN\_priv\_rand.3ossl***

BN RAND(3ossl)                      OpenSSL                      BN RAND(3ossl)

NAME

BN\_rand\_ex, BN\_rand, BN\_priv\_rand\_ex, BN\_priv\_rand, BN\_pseudo\_rand,  
BN\_rand\_range\_ex, BN\_rand\_range, BN\_priv\_rand\_range\_ex,  
BN\_priv\_rand\_range, BN\_pseudo\_rand\_range - generate pseudo-random  
number

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/bn.h>

int BN_rand_ex(BIGNUM *rnd, int bits, int top, int bottom,
               unsigned int strength, BN_CTX *ctx);

int BN_rand(BIGNUM *rnd, int bits, int top, int bottom);

int BN_priv_rand_ex(BIGNUM *rnd, int bits, int top, int bottom,
                   unsigned int strength, BN_CTX *ctx);

int BN_priv_rand(BIGNUM *rnd, int bits, int top, int bottom);

int BN_rand_range_ex(BIGNUM *rnd, const BIGNUM *range, unsigned int strength,
                    BN_CTX *ctx);

int BN_rand_range(BIGNUM *rnd, const BIGNUM *range);

int BN_priv_rand_range_ex(BIGNUM *rnd, const BIGNUM *range, unsigned int strength,
```

```
BN_CTX *ctx);
```

```
int BN_priv_rand_range(BIGNUM *rnd, const BIGNUM *range);
```

The following functions have been deprecated since OpenSSL 3.0, and can be hidden entirely by defining `OPENSSL_API_COMPAT` with a suitable version value, see `openssl_user_macros(7)`:

```
int BN_pseudo_rand(BIGNUM *rnd, int bits, int top, int bottom);
```

```
int BN_pseudo_rand_range(BIGNUM *rnd, const BIGNUM *range);
```

## DESCRIPTION

`BN_rand_ex()` generates a cryptographically strong pseudo-random number of bits in length and security strength at least strength bits using the random number generator for the library context associated with `ctx`. The function stores the generated data in `rnd`. The parameter `ctx` may be `NULL` in which case the default library context is used. If `bits` is less than zero, or too small to accommodate the requirements specified by the `top` and `bottom` parameters, an error is returned. The `top` parameter specifies requirements on the most significant bit of the generated number. If it is `BN_RAND_TOP_ANY`, there is no constraint. If it is `BN_RAND_TOP_ONE`, the top bit must be one. If it is `BN_RAND_TOP_TWO`, the two most significant bits of the number will be set to 1, so that the product of two such random numbers will always have  $2 \times \text{bits}$  length. If `bottom` is `BN_RAND_BOTTOM_ODD`, the number will be odd; if it is `BN_RAND_BOTTOM_ANY` it can be odd or even. If `bits` is 1 then `top` cannot also be `BN_RAND_TOP_TWO`.

`BN_rand()` is the same as `BN_rand_ex()` except that the default library context is always used.

`BN_rand_range_ex()` generates a cryptographically strong pseudo-random number `rnd`, of security strength at least strength bits, in the range  $0 \leq \text{rnd} < \text{range}$  using the random number generator for the library context associated with `ctx`. The parameter `ctx` may be `NULL` in which case the default library context is used.

`BN_rand_range()` is the same as `BN_rand_range_ex()` except that the default library context is always used.

`BN_priv_rand_ex()`, `BN_priv_rand()`, `BN_priv_rand_rand_ex()` and

BN\_priv\_rand\_range() have the same semantics as BN\_rand\_ex(), BN\_rand(), BN\_rand\_range\_ex() and BN\_rand\_range() respectively. They are intended to be used for generating values that should remain private, and mirror the same difference between RAND\_bytes(3) and RAND\_priv\_bytes(3).

## NOTES

Always check the error return value of these functions and do not take randomness for granted: an error occurs if the CSPRNG has not been seeded with enough randomness to ensure an unpredictable byte sequence.

## RETURN VALUES

The functions return 1 on success, 0 on error. The error codes can be obtained by ERR\_get\_error(3).

## SEE ALSO

ERR\_get\_error(3), RAND\_add(3), RAND\_bytes(3), RAND\_priv\_bytes(3), RAND(7), EVP RAND(7)

## HISTORY

? Starting with OpenSSL release 1.1.0, BN\_pseudo\_rand() has been identical to BN\_rand() and BN\_pseudo\_rand\_range() has been identical to BN\_rand\_range(). The BN\_pseudo\_rand() and BN\_pseudo\_rand\_range() functions were deprecated in OpenSSL 3.0.

? The BN\_priv\_rand() and BN\_priv\_rand\_range() functions were added in OpenSSL 1.1.1.

? The BN\_rand\_ex(), BN\_priv\_rand\_ex(), BN\_rand\_range\_ex() and BN\_priv\_rand\_range\_ex() functions were added in OpenSSL 3.0.

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