Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init.3ossl'

$ man EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init.3ossl

EVP_PKEY_ENCAPSULATE(3ossl) OpenSSL EVP_PKEY_ENCAPSULATE(3ossl)

NAME

EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init, EVP_PKEY_encapsulate - Key encapsulation using a public key algorithm

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/evp.h>

int EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init(EVP_PKEY_CTX *ctx, const OSSL_PARAM params[]);
int EVP_PKEY_encapsulate(EVP_PKEY_CTX *ctx,
                         unsigned char *out, size_t *outlen,
                         unsigned char *genkey, size_t *genkeylen);
```

DESCRIPTION

The EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init() function initializes a public key algorithm context ctx for an encapsulation operation and then sets the params on the context in the same way as calling

EVP_PKEY_CTX_set_params(3).

The EVP_PKEY_encapsulate() function performs a public key encapsulation operation using ctx with the name name. If out is NULL then the maximum size of the output buffer is written to the *outlen parameter and the maximum size of the generated key buffer is written to *genkeylen. If out is not NULL and the call is successful then the internally generated key is written to genkey and its size is written to *genkeylen. The encapsulated version of the generated key is written to out and its size is written to *outlen.

NOTES

After the call to EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init() algorithm specific parameters for the operation may be set or modified using EVP_PKEY_CTX_set_params(3).

RETURN VALUES

EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init() and EVP_PKEY_encapsulate() return 1 for success and 0 or a negative value for failure. In particular a return value of -2 indicates the operation is not supported by the public key algorithm.

EXAMPLES

Encapsulate an RSASVE key (for RSA keys).

```
#include <openssl/evp.h>

/*
 * NB: assumes rsa_pub_key is an public key of another party.
 */

EVP_PKEY_CTX *ctx = NULL;
size_t secretlen = 0, outlen = 0;
```

```
unsigned char *out = NULL, *secret = NULL;

ctx = EVP_PKEY_CTX_new_from_pkey(libctx, rsa_pub_key, NULL);
if (ctx = NULL)
    /* Error */
if (EVP_PKEY_encapsulate_init(ctx, NULL) <= 0)
    /* Error */

/* Set the mode - only 'RSASVE' is currently supported */
 if (EVP_PKEY_CTX_set_kem_op(ctx, "RSASVE") <= 0)
    /* Error */
/* Determine buffer length */
if (EVP_PKEY_encapsulate(ctx, NULL, &outlen, NULL, &secretlen) <= 0)
    /* Error */

out = OPENSSL_malloc(outlen);
secret = OPENSSL_malloc(secretlen);
if (out == NULL || secret == NULL)
    /* malloc failure */

/*
 * The generated 'secret' can be used as key material.
 * The encapsulated 'out' can be sent to another party who can
 * decapsulate it using their private key to retrieve the 'secret'.
 */
if (EVP_PKEY_encapsulate(ctx, out, &outlen, secret, &secretlen) <= 0)
    /* Error */
```

SEE ALSO

EVP_PKEY_CTX_new(3), EVP_PKEY_decapsulate(3), EVP_KEM-RSA(7),

HISTORY

These functions were added in OpenSSL 3.0.

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