



*Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!*

### ***Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'SSL\_get0\_session.3ossl'***

***\$ man SSL\_get0\_session.3ossl***

SSL\_GET\_SESSION(3ossl)      OpenSSL      SSL\_GET\_SESSION(3ossl)

#### NAME

SSL\_get\_session, SSL\_get0\_session, SSL\_get1\_session - retrieve TLS/SSL session data

#### SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/ssl.h>
```

```
SSL_SESSION *SSL_get_session(const SSL *ssl);
```

```
SSL_SESSION *SSL_get0_session(const SSL *ssl);
```

```
SSL_SESSION *SSL_get1_session(SSL *ssl);
```

#### DESCRIPTION

SSL\_get\_session() returns a pointer to the SSL\_SESSION actually used in ssl. The reference count of the SSL\_SESSION is not incremented, so that the pointer can become invalid by other operations.

SSL\_get0\_session() is the same as SSL\_get\_session().

SSL\_get1\_session() is the same as SSL\_get\_session(), but the reference count of the SSL\_SESSION is incremented by one.

## NOTES

The ssl session contains all information required to re-establish the connection without a full handshake for SSL versions up to and including TLSv1.2. In TLSv1.3 the same is true, but sessions are established after the main handshake has occurred. The server will send the session information to the client at a time of its choosing, which may be some while after the initial connection is established (or never). Calling these functions on the client side in TLSv1.3 before the session has been established will still return an SSL\_SESSION object but that object cannot be used for resuming the session. See SSL\_SESSION\_is\_resumable(3) for information on how to determine whether an SSL\_SESSION object can be used for resumption or not.

Additionally, in TLSv1.3, a server can send multiple messages that establish a session for a single connection. In that case, on the client side, the above functions will only return information on the last session that was received. On the server side they will only return information on the last session that was sent, or if no session tickets were sent then the session for the current connection.

The preferred way for applications to obtain a resumable SSL\_SESSION object is to use a new session callback as described in SSL\_CTX\_sess\_set\_new\_cb(3). The new session callback is only invoked when a session is actually established, so this avoids the problem described above where an application obtains an SSL\_SESSION object that cannot be used for resumption in TLSv1.3. It also enables applications to obtain information about all sessions sent by the server.

A session will be automatically removed from the session cache and marked as non-resumable if the connection is not closed down cleanly, e.g. if a fatal error occurs on the connection or `SSL_shutdown(3)` is not called prior to `SSL_free(3)`.

In TLSv1.3 it is recommended that each `SSL_SESSION` object is only used for resumption once.

`SSL_get0_session()` returns a pointer to the actual session. As the reference counter is not incremented, the pointer is only valid while the connection is in use. If `SSL_clear(3)` or `SSL_free(3)` is called, the session may be removed completely (if considered bad), and the pointer obtained will become invalid. Even if the session is valid, it can be removed at any time due to timeout during `SSL_CTX_flush_sessions(3)`.

If the data is to be kept, `SSL_get1_session()` will increment the reference count, so that the session will not be implicitly removed by other operations but stays in memory. In order to remove the session `SSL_SESSION_free(3)` must be explicitly called once to decrement the reference count again.

`SSL_SESSION` objects keep internal link information about the session cache list, when being inserted into one `SSL_CTX` object's session cache. One `SSL_SESSION` object, regardless of its reference count, must therefore only be used with one `SSL_CTX` object (and the `SSL` objects created from this `SSL_CTX` object).

## RETURN VALUES

The following return values can occur:

### NULL

There is no session available in ssl.

Pointer to an SSL\_SESSION

The return value points to the data of an SSL session.

#### SEE ALSO

ssl(7), SSL\_free(3), SSL\_clear(3), SSL\_SESSION\_free(3)

#### COPYRIGHT

Copyright 2000-2021 The OpenSSL Project Authors. All Rights Reserved.

Licensed under the Apache License 2.0 (the "License"). You may not use this file except in compliance with the License. You can obtain a copy in the file LICENSE in the source distribution or at <https://www.openssl.org/source/license.html>.

3.0.7                    2023-07-13            SSL\_GET\_SESSION(3ossl)