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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'cups.1'

# \$ man cups.1

cups	(1	)
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cups(1)

# NAME

cups - a standards-based, open source printing system

Apple Inc.

# DESCRIPTION

CUPS is the software you use to print from applications like word pro? cessors, email readers, photo editors, and web browsers. It converts the page descriptions produced by your application (put a paragraph here, draw a line there, and so forth) into something your printer can understand and then sends the information to the printer for printing. Now, since every printer manufacturer does things differently, printing can be very complicated. CUPS does its best to hide this from you and your application so that you can concentrate on printing and less on how to print. Generally, the only time you need to know anything about your printer is when you use it for the first time, and even then CUPS can often figure things out on its own.

# HOW DOES IT WORK?

The first time you print to a printer, CUPS creates a queue to keep track of the current status of the printer (everything OK, out of pa?

per, etc.) and any pages you have printed. Most of the time the queue points to a printer connected directly to your computer via a USB port, however it can also point to a printer on your network, a printer on the Internet, or multiple printers depending on the configuration. Re? gardless of where the queue points, it will look like any other printer to you and your applications.

Every time you print something, CUPS creates a job which contains the queue you are sending the print to, the name of the document you are printing, and the page descriptions. Job are numbered (queue-1, queue-2, and so forth) so you can monitor the job as it is printed or cancel it if you see a mistake. When CUPS gets a job for printing, it determines the best programs (filters, printer drivers, port monitors, and backends) to convert the pages into a printable format and then runs them to actually print the job.

When the print job is completely printed, CUPS removes the job from the queue and moves on to any other jobs you have submitted. You can also be notified when the job is finished, or if there are any errors during printing, in several different ways.

#### WHERE DO I BEGIN?

The easiest way to start is by using the web interface to configure your printer. Go to "http://localhost:631" and choose the Administra? tion tab at the top of the page. Click/press on the Add Printer button and follow the prompts.

When you are asked for a username and password, enter your login user? name and password or the "root" username and password. After the printer is added you will be asked to set the default printer options (paper size, output mode, etc.) for the printer. Make any changes as needed and then click/press on the Set Default Options but? ton to save them. Some printers also support auto-configuration click/press on the Query Printer for Default Options button to update the options automatically.

Once you have added the printer, you can print to it from any applica? tion. You can also choose Print Test Page from the maintenance menu to print a simple test page and verify that everything is working prop? erly.

You can also use the lpadmin(8) and lpinfo(8) commands to add printers to CUPS. Additionally, your operating system may include graphical user interfaces or automatically create printer queues when you connect a printer to your computer.

### HOW DO I GET HELP?

The CUPS web site (http://www.CUPS.org) provides access to the cups and cups-devel mailing lists, additional documentation and resources, and a bug report database. Most vendors also provide online discussion forums to ask printing questions for your operating system of choice.

#### ENVIRONMENT

CUPS commands use the following environment variables to override the

default locations of files and so forth. For security reasons, these

environment variables are ignored for setuid programs:

#### CUPS\_ANYROOT

Whether to allow any X.509 certificate root (Y or N).

#### CUPS\_CACHEDIR

The directory where semi-persistent cache files can be found.

#### CUPS\_DATADIR

The directory where data files can be found.

#### CUPS\_ENCRYPTION

The default level of encryption (Always, IfRequested, Never, Re?

quired).

#### CUPS\_EXPIREDCERTS

Whether to allow expired X.509 certificates (Y or N).

#### CUPS\_GSSSERVICENAME

The Kerberos service name used for authentication.

#### CUPS\_SERVER

The hostname/IP address and port number of the CUPS scheduler

(hostname:port or ipaddress:port).

#### CUPS\_SERVERBIN

The directory where server helper programs, filters, backend, etc.

can be found.

### CUPS\_SERVERROOT

The root directory of the server.

### CUPS\_STATEDIR

The directory where state files can be found.

### CUPS\_USER

Specifies the name of the user for print requests.

HOME Specifies the home directory of the current user.

### **IPP\_PORT**

Specifies the default port number for IPP requests.

### LOCALEDIR

Specifies the location of localization files.

### LPDEST

Specifies the default print queue (System V standard).

### PRINTER

Specifies the default print queue (Berkeley standard).

#### TMPDIR

Specifies the location of temporary files.

# FILES

~/.cups/client.conf

~/.cups/lpoptions

#### CONFORMING TO

CUPS conforms to the Internet Printing Protocol version 2.1 and imple?

ments the Berkeley and System V UNIX print commands.

# NOTES

CUPS printer drivers, backends, and PPD files are deprecated and will no longer be supported in a future feature release of CUPS. Printers that do not support IPP can be supported using applications such as ippeveprinter(1).

# SEE ALSO

cancel(1), client.conf(7), cupsctl(8), cupsd(8), lp(1), lpadmin(8), lpinfo(8), lpoptions(1), lpr(1), lprm(1), lpq(1), lpstat(1), CUPS On? line Help (http://localhost:631/help), CUPS Web Site (http://www.CUPS.org), PWG Internet Printing Protocol Workgroup

(http://www.pwg.org/ipp)

# COPYRIGHT

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26 April 2019 CUPS cups(1)