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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'pthread_attr_setstackaddr.3'

$ man pthread_attr_setstackaddr.3

PTHREAD_ATTR_SETSTACKADDR(3Linux Programmer's ManuPTHREAD_ATTR_SETSTACKADDR(3)

NAME

pthread_attr_setstackaddr, pthread_attr_getstackaddr - set/get stack

address attribute in thread attributes object

SYNOPSIS

#include <pthread.h>

int pthread_attr_setstackaddr(pthread_attr_t *attr, void *stackaddr);

int pthread_attr_getstackaddr(const pthread_attr_t *attr,

void **stackaddr);

Compile and link with -pthread.

DESCRIPTION

These functions are obsolete: do not use them.   Use pthread_attr_set?

stack(3) and pthread_attr_getstack(3) instead.

The pthread_attr_setstackaddr() function sets the stack address attri?

bute of the thread attributes object referred to by attr to the value

specified in stackaddr. This attribute specifies the location of the

stack that should be used by a thread that is created using the thread

attributes object attr.

stackaddr should point to a buffer of at least PTHREAD_STACK_MIN bytes that was allocated by the caller. The pages of the allocated buffer should be both readable and writable.

The pthread_attr_getstackaddr() function returns the stack address at‐ tribute of the thread attributes object referred to by attr in the buf‐ fer pointed to by stackaddr.

RETURN VALUE

On success, these functions return 0; on error, they return a nonzero error number.

ERRORS

No errors are defined (but applications should nevertheless handle a possible error return).

VERSIONS

These functions are provided by glibc since version 2.1.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at‐ tributes(7).

???
?Interface   ? Attribute   ? Value   ?
???
?pthread_attr_setstackaddr(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?
?pthread_attr_getstackaddr() ?   ?   ?
???

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001 specifies these functions but marks them as obsolete. POSIX.1-2008 removes the specification of these functions.

NOTES

Do not use these functions! They cannot be portably used, since they provide no way of specifying the direction of growth or the range of the stack. For example, on architectures with a stack that grows down‐ ward, stackaddr specifies the next address past the highest address of the allocated stack area. However, on architectures with a stack that grows upward, stackaddr specifies the lowest address in the allocated

stack area. By contrast, the stackaddr used by pthread_attr_set‐

stack(3) and pthread_attr_getstack(3), is always a pointer to the low‐

est address in the allocated stack area (and the stacksize argument

specifies the range of the stack).

SEE ALSO

pthread_attr_init(3), pthread_attr_setstack(3), pthread_attr_setstack‐

size(3), pthread_create(3), pthreads(7)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project.   A

description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the

latest   version   of   this   page,   can   be   found   at

https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

Linux   2017-09-15   PTHREAD_ATTR_SETSTACKADDR(3)