



## ***Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'systemd-update-done.service.8'***

**\$ man systemd-update-done.service.8**

SYSTEMD-UPDATE-DONE.SERVICEsystemd-update-done.seSYSTEMD-UPDATE-DONE.SERVICE(8)

### NAME

systemd-update-done.service, systemd-update-done - Mark /etc/ and /var/  
fully updated

### SYNOPSIS

systemd-update-done.service  
/usr/lib/systemd/systemd-update-done

### DESCRIPTION

systemd-update-done.service is a service that is invoked as part of the first boot after the vendor operating system resources in /usr/ have been updated. This is useful to implement offline updates of /usr/ which might require updates to /etc/ or /var/ on the following boot. systemd-update-done.service updates the file modification time (mtime) of the stamp files /etc/.updated and /var/.updated to the modification time of the /usr/ directory, unless the stamp files are already newer. Services that shall run after offline upgrades of /usr/ should order themselves before systemd-update-done.service, and use the ConditionNeedsUpdate= (see systemd.unit(5)) condition to make sure to

run when `/etc/` or `/var/` are older than `/usr/` according to the modification times of the files described above. This requires that updates to `/usr/` are always followed by an update of the modification time of `/usr/`, for example by invoking `touch(1)` on it.

Note that if the `systemd.condition-needs-update=` kernel command line option is used it overrides the `ConditionNeedsUpdate=` unit condition checks. In that case `systemd-update-done.service` will not reset the condition state until a follow-up reboot where the kernel switch is not specified anymore.

#### SEE ALSO

`systemd(1)`, `systemd.unit(5)`, `touch(1)`

`systemd` 252

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