



Linux Ubuntu 26.04 Manual Pages on command 'XauGetBestAuthByAddr.3'

\$ man XauGetBestAuthByAddr.3

Xau(3) Library Functions Manual Xau(3)

NAME

Xau library: XauFileName, XauReadAuth, XauLockAuth, XauUnlockAuth, XauWriteAuth, XauDis?poseAuth, XauGetAuthByAddr, XauGetBestAuthByAddr - X authority database routines

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <X11/Xauth.h>

typedef struct xauth {
    unsigned short family;
    unsigned short address_length;
    char *address;
    unsigned short number_length;
    char *number;
    unsigned short name_length;
    char *name;
    unsigned short data_length;
    char *data;
} Xauth;

char *XauFileName (void);

Xauth *XauReadAuth (FILE *auth_file);

int XauWriteAuth (FILE *auth_file, Xauth *auth);

Xauth *XauGetAuthByAddr (unsigned short family, unsigned short
    address_length, const char *address, unsigned short
    number_length, const char *number, unsigned short
```

```

    name_length, const char *name);

Xauth *XauGetBestAuthByAddr (unsigned short family, unsigned short
    address_length, const char *address, unsigned short
    number_length, const char *number, int types_length,
    char **types, const int *type_lengths);

int XauLockAuth (const char *file_name, int retries, int
    timeout, long dead);

int XauUnlockAuth (const char *file_name);

int XauDisposeAuth (Xauth *auth);

```

DESCRIPTION

`XauFileName` generates the default authorization file name by first checking the `XAUTHORITY` environment variable if set, else it returns `$HOME/.Xauthority`. This name is statically allocated and should not be freed.

`XauReadAuth` reads the next entry from `auth_file`. The entry is not statically allocated and should be freed by calling `XauDisposeAuth`.

`XauWriteAuth` writes an authorization entry to `auth_file`. It returns 1 on success, 0 on failure.

`XauGetAuthByAddr` searches for an entry which matches the given network address/display number pair. The entry is not statically allocated and should be freed by calling `XauDisposeAuth`.

`XauGetBestAuthByAddr` is similar to `XauGetAuthByAddr`, except that a list of acceptable authentication methods is specified. `Xau` will choose the file entry which matches the earliest entry in this list (e.g., the most secure authentication method). The `types` argument is an array of strings, one string for each authentication method. `types_length` specifies how many elements are in the `types` array. `types_lengths` is an array of integers representing the length of each string.

`XauLockAuth` does the work necessary to synchronously update an authorization file. First it makes two file names, one with ```-c"` appended to `file_name`, the other with ```-l"` appended. If the ```-c"` file already exists and is more than `dead` seconds old, `XauLockAuth` removes it and the associated ```-l"` file. To prevent possible synchronization troubles with NFS, a `dead` value of zero forces the files to be removed. `XauLockAuth` makes `retries` attempts to create and link the file names, pausing `timeout` seconds between each attempt. `XauLockAuth` returns a collection of values depending on the results:

LOCK_ERROR

A system error occurred, either a file_name which is too long, or an unexpected failure from a system call. errno may prove useful.

LOCK_TIMEOUT

retries attempts failed

LOCK_SUCCESS

The lock succeeded.

XauUnlockAuth undoes the work of XauLockAuth by unlinking both the ``-c" and ``-l" file names.

XauDisposeAuth frees storage allocated to hold an authorization entry.

SEE ALSO

xauth(1), xdm(1)

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Xau(3)