



Linux Ubuntu 26.04 Manual Pages on command 'aptdcon.1'

\$ man aptdcon.1

APTDCON(1) User manual APTDCON(1)

NAME

aptdcon - command line client for aptdaemon

SYNOPSIS

aptdcon [OPTIONS]

DESCRIPTION

aptdcon allows to perform package management tasks, e.g. installing or removing software, using aptdaemon. There isn't any need to be root to run this programme.

OPTIONS

-v, --version

Show the version number of the aptdcon.

-h, --help

Show information about the usage of the command.

-d, --debug

Show additional information on the command line.

-i, --install PACKAGES

Install the list of PACKAGES. If you want to install more than one package you have to put the package names into quotation marks.

--reinstall PACKAGES

Reinstall the list of PACKAGES. If you want to reinstall more than one package you have to put the package names into quotation marks.

-r, --remove PACKAGES

Remove the list of PACKAGES. If you want to remove more than one package you have to

put the package names into quotation marks.

`-p, --purge PACKAGES`

Purge the list of PACKAGES. If you want to purge more than one package you have to put the package names into quotation marks.

`-u, --upgrade PACKAGES`

Upgrade the list of PACKAGES. If you want to upgrade more than one package you have to put the package names into quotation marks.

`--upgrade-system`

Upgrade the whole system.

`--fix-install`

Try to complete a previously cancelled installation by calling "dpkg --configure -a".

`--fix-depends`

Try to resolve unsatisfied dependencies. Attention: Currently you don't get a confirmation of the changes, which makes this method quite dangerous since it could move a lot of packages.

`--add-repository ?DEB_LINE?`

Allow to install software from the repository specified by the given DEB_LINE. You have to put quotation marks around the DEB_LINE since it normally contains spaces:
`?deb http://ftp.de.debian.org/debian unstable main?`

`--sources-file SOURCES_FILE`

Specify an alternative sources file to which the new repository should be written.
SOURCES_FILE should be only the basename: backports.list

`--hide-terminal`

Do not attach to the interactive terminal of the underlying dpkg call.

`--allow-unauthenticated`

Allow to install packages which are not from a trusted vendor.

EXAMPLES

The following command will install the package xterm and remove the package eterm in the same run:

```
$ aptdcon --install "xterm" --remove "eterm"
```

To handle more than one package the names have to be put into quotation marks. The following command will install xterm and eterm:

```
$ aptdcon --install "xterm eterm"
```

The following command will add the backport repository to the sources.list in a separate file /etc/apt/sources.list.d/backports.list :

```
$ aptdcon --sources-file backports.list \  
--add-repostiry "deb http://archive.backports.org/debian stable main"
```

DIAGNOSTICS

By default aptdaemon logs to the syslog facility AptDaemon. Furthermore you can use the -d option to get additional information on the command line.

HOMEPAGE

<https://launchpad.net/aptdaemon>

BUGS

You can report bugs at the Launchpad site of aptdaemon: <https://bugs.launchpad.net/aptdae?mon/+filebug>

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SEE ALSO

[aptd\(1\)](#), [org.debian.apt\(7\)](#), [org.debian.apt.transaction\(7\)](#)

aptdaemon

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