

NAME

pmap – report memory map of a process

SYNOPSIS

pmap [*options*] *pid* [...]

DESCRIPTION

The **pmap** command reports the memory map of a process or processes.

OPTIONS

-x, --extended

Show the extended format.

-d, --device

Show the device format.

-q, --quiet

Do not display some header or footer lines.

-A, --range *low,high*

Limit results to the given range to *low* and *high* address range. Notice that the low and high arguments are single string separated with comma.

-X

Show even more details than the **-x** option. WARNING: format changes according to */proc/PID/smmaps*

-XX

Show everything the kernel provides

-p, --show-path

Show full path to files in the mapping column

-c, --read-rc

Read the default configuration

-C, --read-rc-from *file*

Read the configuration from *file*

-n, --create-rc

Create new default configuration

-N, --create-rc-to *file*

Create new configuration to *file*

-h, --help

Display help text and exit.

-V, --version

Display version information and exit.

EXIT STATUS

0	Success.
1	Failure.
42	Did not find all processes asked for.

SEE ALSO

ps(1), **pgrep(1)**

STANDARDS

No standards apply, but **pmap** looks an awful lot like a SunOS command.

REPORTING BUGS

Please send bug reports to procps@freelists.org