NAME

putwchar - write a wide character to standard output

SYNOPSIS

#include <wchar.h>

wint_t putwchar(wchar_t wc);

DESCRIPTION

The **putwchar**() function is the wide-character equivalent of the **putchar**(3) function. It writes the wide character wc to stdout. If ferror(stdout) becomes true, it returns **WEOF**. If a wide character conversion error occurs, it sets errno to **EILSEQ** and returns **WEOF**. Otherwise, it returns wc.

For a nonlocking counterpart, see **unlocked_stdio**(3).

RETURN VALUE

The **putwchar**() function returns wc if no error occurred, or **WEOF** to indicate an error.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
putwchar()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C99.

NOTES

The behavior of **putwchar**() depends on the **LC_CTYPE** category of the current locale.

It is reasonable to expect that $\mathbf{putwchar}()$ will actually write the multibyte sequence corresponding to the wide character wc.

SEE ALSO

fputwc(3), unlocked_stdio(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.05 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.