NAME

strcoll - compare two strings using the current locale

SYNOPSIS

#include <string.h>

int strcoll(const char *s1, const char *s2);

DESCRIPTION

The **strcoll**() function compares the two strings sI and s2. It returns an integer less than, equal to, or greater than zero if sI is found, respectively, to be less than, to match, or be greater than s2. The comparison is based on strings interpreted as appropriate for the program's current locale for category **LC_COL-LATE**. (See **setlocale**(3).)

RETURN VALUE

The **strcoll**() function returns an integer less than, equal to, or greater than zero if sI is found, respectively, to be less than, to match, or be greater than s2, when both are interpreted as appropriate for the current locale.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
strcoll()	Thread safety	MT-Safe locale

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C89, C99, SVr4, 4.3BSD.

NOTES

In the *POSIX* or *C* locales **strcoll**() is equivalent to **strcmp**(3).

SEE ALSO

bcmp(3), memcmp(3), setlocale(3), strcasecmp(3), strcmp(3), string(3), strxfrm(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.05 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.