NAME

xfs_bmap - print block mapping for an XFS file

SYNOPSIS

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xfs_bmap [ -adelpv ] [ -n num_extents ] file
xfs bmap -V
```

DESCRIPTION

xfs_bmap prints the map of disk blocks used by files in an XFS filesystem. The map lists each *extent* used by the file, as well as regions in the file that do not have any corresponding blocks (holes). Each line of the listings takes the following form:

extent: [startoffset..endoffset]: startblock..endblock

Holes are marked by replacing the *startblock*..*endblock* with *hole*. All the file offsets and disk blocks are in units of 512-byte blocks, no matter what the filesystem's block size is.

OPTIONS

- -a If this option is specified, information about the file's attribute fork is printed instead of the default data fork.
- -d If portions of the file have been migrated offline by a DMAPI application, a DMAPI read event will be generated to bring those portions back online before the disk block map is printed. However if the -d option is used, no DMAPI read event will be generated for a DMAPI file and offline portions will be reported as holes.
- -e If this option is used, xfs_bmap obtains all delayed allocation extents, and does not flush dirty pages to disk before querying extent data. With the -v option, the flags column will show which extents have not yet been allocated.
- -l If this option is used, then

<nblocks> blocks

will be appended to each line. *nblocks* is the length of the extent described on the line in units of 512-byte blocks.

This flag has no effect if the -v option is used.

-n num_extents

If this option is given, **xfs_bmap** will display at most *num_extents* extents. In the absence of **-n**, **xfs_bmap** will display all extents in the file.

- -p If this option is used, xfs_bmap obtains all unwritten (preallocated) extents that do not contain written data. With the -v option, the flags column will show which extents are preallocated/unwritten.
- -v Shows verbose information. When this flag is specified, additional AG specific information is appended to each line in the following form:

agno (startagoffset..endagoffset) nblocks flags

A second **-v** option will print out the *flags* legend.

-V Prints the version number and exits.

SEE ALSO

xfs fsr(8), xfs(5).